# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

FLOW CHARACTERISTICS AND WATER-QUALITY CONDITIONS
IN THE SPOKANE RIVER, COEUR D'ALENE LAKE
TO POST FALLS DAM, NORTHERN IDAHO
by Harold R. Seitz and Michael L. Jones

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Ву

Harold R. Seitz and Michael L. Jones

#### ABSTRACT

Cross-sectional properties and water-quality characteristics were determined for flows of 6,100 to 8,440 cubic feet per second during June 8 to 12; 750 to 1,760 cubic feet per second during August 24 to 27; and 1,790 to 1,630 cubic feet per second during November 3 to 7, 1980. Cross-sectional areas measured ranged from 4,430 square feet to 17,000 square feet. Flow velocities ranged from 2.00 feet per second during June to less than 0.10 foot per second during August and November. A small increase of total ammonia nitrogen occurred downstream of the Coeur d'Alene sewage-treatment plant.

#### INTRODUCTION

Coeur d'Alene Lake receives runoff from 3,700 mi² of the St. Joe and Coeur d'Alene watersheds. For about 80 years prior to 1970, the South Fork Coeur d'Alene River received mining wastes, which were carried into Coeur d'Alene Lake.

The Spokane River leaves the northern end of Coeur d'Alene Lake, flows westward past the cities of Coeur d'Alene and Post Falls, Idaho, through the Spokane Valley, and joins the Columbia River west of Spokane, Wash. The river is regulated by a series of dams in Idaho and Washington that are used for generating electricity.

Observations of eutrophic conditions in Long Lake, a large impoundment of the Spokane River 40 mi downstream from the city of Spokane, prompted an evaluation of nutrient loadings to the Spokane River in Washington and Idaho.

This study was a cooperative effort by the U.S. Geological Survey and the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, Division of Environment, to provide the Department with data needed to make management decisions concerning release of sewage-treatment plant discharge to the Spokane River.

### Purpose and Scope

Purposes of this study were to describe: (1) The quality of water entering the Spokane River from Coeur d'Alene Lake and document any change in quality as water passed through the reach of the Spokane River to Post Falls Dam, and (2) the cross-sectional properties of water depth, width, area, velocity, and discharge at selected sites in the reach.

The scope of this study included: (1) Collection of monthly water samples and determination of temperature, DO (dissolved oxygen), specific conductance, pH, and discharge at selected sites during the period March 1980 through January 1981 in the Spokane River between Coeur d'Alene Lake and Post Falls Dam; and (2) determination of water depth, width, velocity, and discharge at eight locations during June, August, and November 1980.

Permanent monuments were set at the ends of each cross section, and elevation above NGVD (National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929) was established at each monument. Station numbers and locations of each data-collection site are listed in table 1.

#### Description of Study Reach

The study reach of the Spokane River is between the outlet of Coeur d'Alene Lake (river mile 111.1) and Post

Falls Dam (river mile 102.1) in the panhandle of northern Idaho (fig. 1).

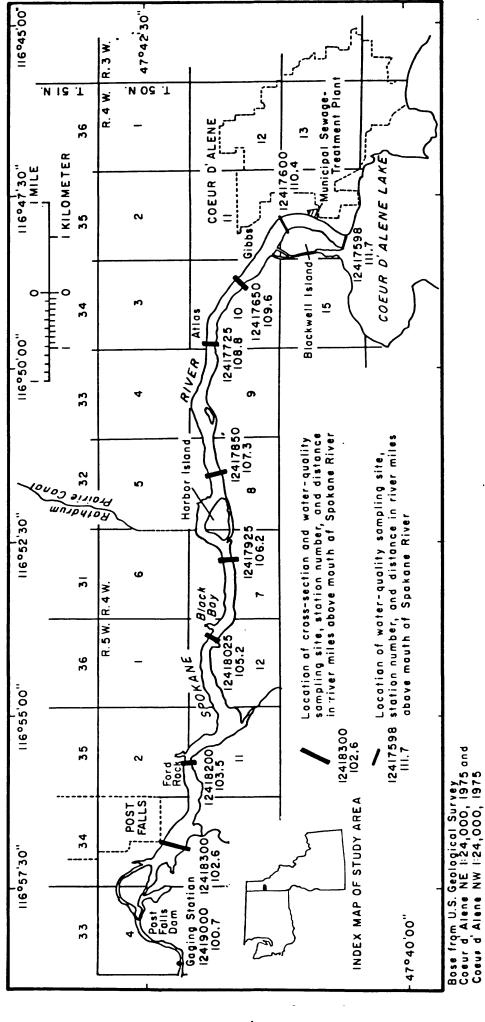
During spring snowmelt, after the storage capacity of Coeur d'Alene Lake is reached, regulation at Post Falls Dam is minimal and the study reach becomes similar to a flowing river. The reach becomes an extension of Coeur d'Alene Lake as snowmelt decreases, and the lake level is maintained with minimal releases at Post Falls.

### Methods of Collection and Analysis

Eight cross-section sites, stations 12417600 to 12418300, were selected on the reach of the Spokane River between Coeur d'Alene Lake and Post Falls Dam (fig. 1) to make measurements of water depth, width, velocity, and discharge. The measurements were made during June, when discharge was between 6,100 and 8,440 ft³/s; during August, when discharge was between 750 and 1,760 ft³/s; and during November, when discharge was between 1,790 and 1,630 ft³/s. Profiles of temperature, DO, and specific conductance were measured at seven of the cross-section sites, stations 12417650 to 12418300, during the three periods of discharge. Depth-integrated water samples were obtained at the seven sites to determine nutrient concentrations for each period of discharge.

Composite samples for laboratory analyses were obtained at each cross section by using a depth-integrated, equaltransit rate technique (Guy and Norman, 1970). At site 12417598, Coeur d'Alene Lake outlet, single depth-integrated samples were obtained from a floating dock that extends into the river above the city of Coeur d'Alene sewage-treatment plant. Measurements of water temperature, specific conductance, DO, and pH were made onsite.

Water samples collected for nutrient analysis were treated and prepared onsite and shipped to the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory in Arvada, Colo. Samples collected at station 12417598 and gaging station 12419000 for BOD (biochemical-oxygen demand) analysis were chilled and taken, within 6 hours of collection, to the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare laboratory in Coeur d'Alene. Samples collected from the waste effluent at the Coeur d'Alene sewage-treatment plant were prepared and analyzed by the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare,



distances above mouth of Spokane River, in river miles. Figure 1.--Locations of cross sections and

where analytical methodology described by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (1974) and the American Public Health Association (1975) was used.

#### Acknowledgments

The authors express thanks to the landowners along the Spokane River for allowing access to sampling and cross-section sites, and for permitting monuments to be established at each end of the cross sections. In addition, the authors thank personnel of the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, Division of Environment, for collection of samples and analysis of sewage-treatment plant discharges.

#### Station-Numbering System

Each sampling station and cross-section site has been assigned a number in downstream order in accordance with the permanent numbering system used by the U.S. Geological Survey. Numbers are assigned in a downstream direction along the main stream, and stations on tributaries between main-stream stations are numbered in the order that the tributaries enter the main stream. The complete 8-digit number, such as 12419000, which is used for "Spokane River near Post Falls," includes the part number, "12," indicating that Spokane River is in the upper Columbia River basin, plus a 6-digit station number.

# STREAMFLOW AND STREAM-CHANNEL CHARACTERISTICS <u>Discharge</u>

Discharge through the Spokane River reach from Coeur d'Alene Lake to Post Falls Dam is monitored at the gaging station below the dam near Post Falls at river mile 100.7 (fig. 1). The hydrograph of discharge through the reach for the period February 1980 through January 1981 is shown in figure 2. Discharge at the gaging station below Post Falls Dam during June 8 to 12, August 24 to 28, and November 3 to 7, is detailed in 4-hour increments in table 2.

Using a water budget for Coeur d'Alene Lake, Pluhowski and Thomas (1968) determined the seepage from Coeur d'Alene Lake and the reach of the Spokane River above Post Falls Dam averaged about 250 ft<sup>3</sup>/s. In an attempt to define losses

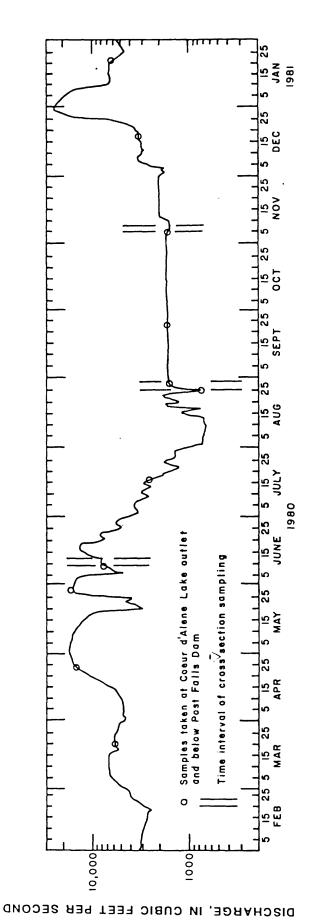


Figure 2.--Hydrograph showing discharge for station 12419000, Spokane River near Post Falls.

between selected cross sections in the Spokane River reach, stream discharge was measured at eight cross sections (fig. 2) during June 8 to 12, August 24 to 28, and November 3 to 7. Discharge measurements at Coeur d'Alene and Post Falls were made from highway bridges; discharge measurements at remaining sites were made from a boat. Under ideal conditions, the probable error in a discharge measurement is ± 2.2 percent (Carter, 1963). Measurements made from boats and suspended bridges may introduce additional errors. Therefore, an error of about ±5 percent in any one discharge measurement made at a cross-section location is probably reasonable.

Comparing the discharge from one cross section to the next downstream cross section indicated that losses from the river reach probably cannot be determined, due to the small differences in flow involved and the limited accuracy of the measurement technique. An estimate of net seepage loss along the entire length of the study reach made by comparing discharge measurements at station 12417600, Spokane River at Highway 95 bridge, with 12419000, Spokane River near Post Falls, was not feasible.

The Rathdrum Prairie Canal diverted 24 ft<sup>3</sup>/s during June 8 to 12 and 43 ft<sup>3</sup>/s during August 24 to 28 from the reach at Harbor Island and was dry during November 3 to 7.

#### Cross-Sectional Properties

At each cross section, depth, width, area, and velocity were determined during June, August, and November (table 3 and fig. 3). Velocities were determined at two points, 0.2 and 0.8 of total depth, in each cross section. Velocities ranged from a maximum of 2.00 ft/s in June to less than 0.10 ft/s during August and November. Cross-sectional widths, depths, and areas decreased as stage decreased due to regulation of Post Falls Dam.

The smallest cross-sectional area was 4,430 ft<sup>2</sup> measured November 4, at station 12417600; the largest was 17,000 ft<sup>2</sup> measured August 28 at station 12418300.

The greatest change in cross-sectional area was 2,500 ft<sup>2</sup> observed at stations 12417600 and 12418300; the smallest change was 1,040 ft <sup>2</sup> and occurred at station 12417825.

Figure 3.--Graphs showing cross-sectional properties at measuring sites.

Figure 3.--Continued.

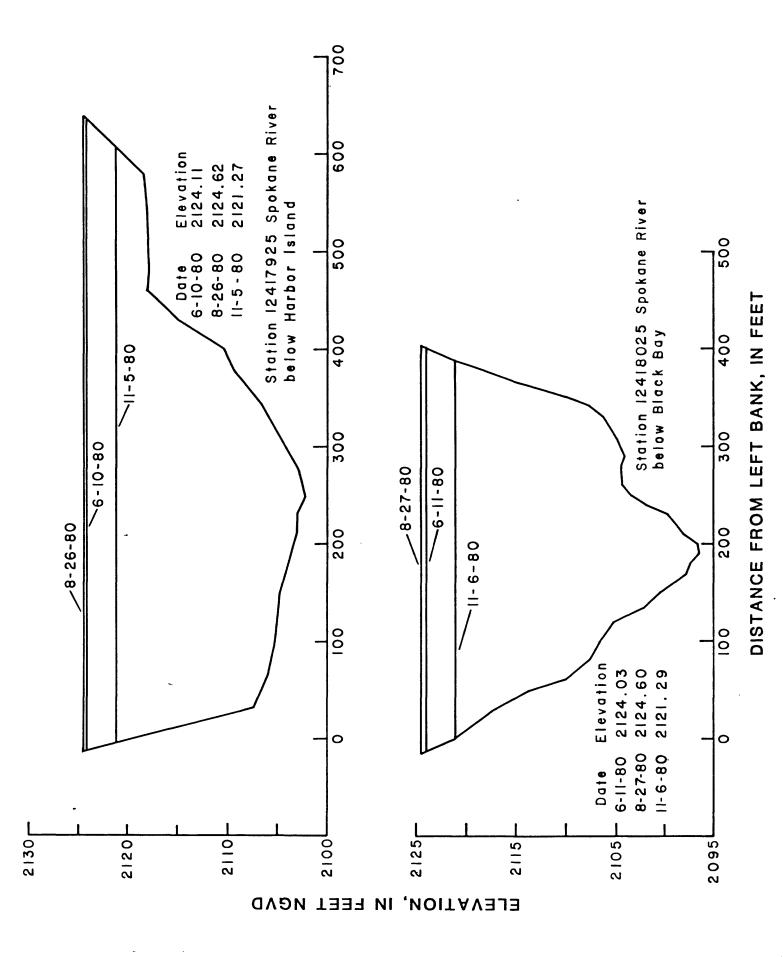


Figure 3.--Continued

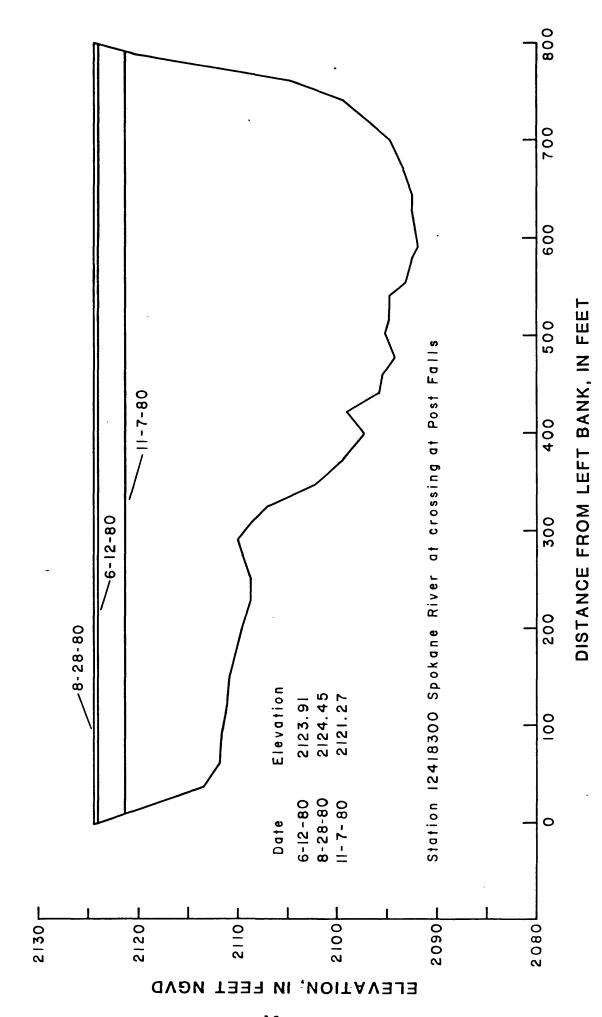


Figure 3.--Continued

#### Channel Roughness

All hydraulic computations involving flow in open channels require an evaluation of the roughness characteristics of the channel and selection of a coefficient, "n," representing the channel roughness.

The value of "n" can be highly variable and depends on nature of the bed materials, width and depth of channel, type of vegetation along the banks, and debris in the channel. Table 4 contains values of "n," estimated using the descriptions of Chow (1959, table 5-5, p. 109-113) at eight cross-section locations in the river reach.

#### Designated-Use and Water-Quality Standards

The Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, Division of Environment, has designated that the Spokane River from Coeur d'Alene Lake outlet to the Idaho-Washington border be protected as a domestic water supply. A domestic water supply is one that is suitable or is intended to be made suitable for drinking and demands that a high degree of water quality be maintained. Water quality in that part of the Spokane River in Idaho also will be maintained for other use classifications listed in table 5. Table 6 applies Idaho water-quality standards to designated-use classifications for the Spokane River in Idaho.

# RESULTS OF WATER-QUALITY ANALYSES Onsite Measurements

Measurements of water temperature, specific conductance, DO, and pH were made onsite for all samples collected during the study. At station 12417598, measurements were obtained in one vertical section; at station 12419000, measurements were obtained using the equal-transit rate technique (table 7). During the periods June 9 to 12, August 25 to 28, and November 4 to 7, onsite measurements were made in three vertical sections at each of the seven remaining cross sections (tables 8 and 10).

Temperatures were measured in each vertical section at increments of 5 ft or less using a DO meter that reads to the nearest degree; changes in temperature less than 1°C were not recorded. Temperatures throughout the study reach

ranged from 13.0° to 15.0°C during June, 18.0° to 21.0°C during August, and 10.0° to 11.0°C during November. Water temperatures along the reach are shown in figure 4.

Specific conductance was measured in a composite water sample obtained from each of the three vertical sections at each station. Specific conductance was relatively consistent in the water throughout the reach and changed little during the three sampling periods. Specific conductance ranged from 51 to 56  $\mu mho/cm$  during June, 56 to 63  $\mu mho/cm$  during August, and 65 to 68  $\mu mho/cm$  during November (tables 7 and 10).

Concentration of DO was measured at increments of depth in each vertical section using a DO meter. Depth increments were the same as those used to obtain temperature measurements and were usually 5 ft or less. On several occasions, no measurement of DO concentration was obtained at the bottom of a vertical section, but rather at 1.0 ft above the No measurements were obtained at stations 12417600 and 12417650 during June. Concentration of DO was generally greater than the standard of 6 mg/L, established by the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare (1980) (tables 7 and However, in some of the deeper sections of the reach, below about 20 ft, DO concentrations of about 3 mg/L or less were observed. Some decrease in concentration of DO with depth is not uncommon, due to consumption of oxygen near the bottom by bacterial and aquatic organisms. Concentrations of DO ranged from 9.2 to 10.2 mg/L during June, 7.7 to 8.8 mg/L during August, and 9.5 to 10.4 mg/L during November (fig. 5).

Measurements of pH were made in a composite sample obtained from the three vertical sections at each station. Values of pH ranged from 7.4 to 8.0 during June, 7.3 to 8.1 during August, and 7.7 to 8.8 during November (tables 7 and 10).

#### Nutrients

Results of nitrogen and phosphorus analyses are shown in tables 7 and 8. Concentrations of all species of nitrogen and phosphorus are reported in units of the basic elements of N (nitrogen) and P (phosphorus). Concentrations of total ammonia (fig. 6) for the periods June 9 to 12, August 25 to 27, and November 4 to 7 increased downstream from the Coeur d'Alene sewage-treatment plant discharge. The highest value of total ammonia as N reported was 0.12 mg/L during November at station 12417850.

Figure 4.--Water temperature of Spokane River between outlet of Coeur d'Alene Lake and near Post Falls gaging station.

Figure 5.--Dissolved oxygen concentrations in Spokane River between outlet of Coeur d'Alene Lake and near Post Falls gaging station,

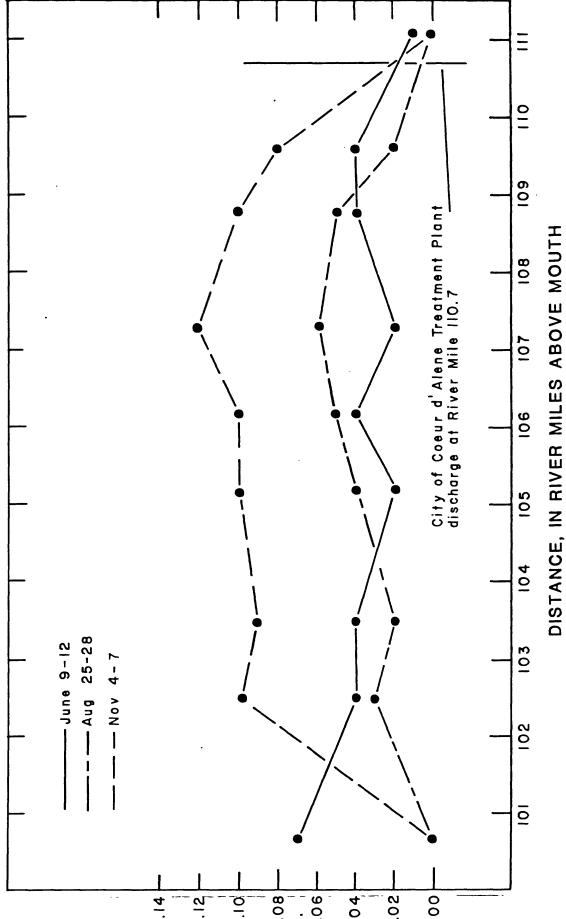


Figure 6.--Total ammonfa concentrations in Spokane River between outlet of Coeur d'Alene and near Post Falls gaging station.

Figures 7 and 8 are graphs showing concentrations of total nitrogen and total phosphorus, respectively, along the study reach from March 1980 to January 1981. Concentrations of total nitrogen are highly variable, particularly in water sampled at Coeur d'Alene Lake outlet. With the exception of samples collected during April and August 1980, total nitrogen as N in water below Post Falls Dam ranged from about 0.30 to 0.55 mg/L. With the exception of samples collected in May and September 1980, concentrations of total phosphorus as P are generally lower in water entering the reach from Coeur d'Alene Lake than in water sampled below Post Falls Dam. Phosphorus concentrations were low. The highest value of total phosphorus as P, 0.11 mg/L, was observed May 28 in a sample from Coeur d'Alene Lake outlet.

Nitrogen and phosphorus concentrations discharged by the Coeur d'Alene sewage-treatment plant are listed in table 9. The highest observed value of total nitrogen in the sewage-treatment plant effluent was 21.65 mg/L in a flow of 2.69 ft 3/s on February 11, 1980. The highest observed value of total phosphorus in effluent was 8.28 mg/L at 2.69 ft 3/s, also on February 11, 1980.

#### Bacteria

Bacteria may constitute a potential health hazard and therefore are of primary concern to recreational and public water-supply users. The occurrence of indicator bacteria such as FC (fecal coliform), and FS (fecal streptococci) in a water sample may indicate contamination by human or animal wastes and the potential presence of pathogenic organisms.

Results of FC and FS analyses of water samples from station 12417598, Coeur d'Alene Lake outlet, and station 12419000, Spokane River near Post Falls, are shown in table 7. Observed FC counts were low, with a maximum of 5 col/100 mL (colonies per 100 milliliters of water) on August 25, in the water leaving the lake, and 11 col/100 mL on August 28, in the water below Post Falls Dam. The highest observed count of FS at the lake outlet was 120 col/100 mL on July 16; highest observed count of FS below Post Falls Dam was 1,200 col/100 mL on July 16 and August 28.

#### Trace Metals

Results of trace-metal analyses for water samples collected March through January from the Spokane River

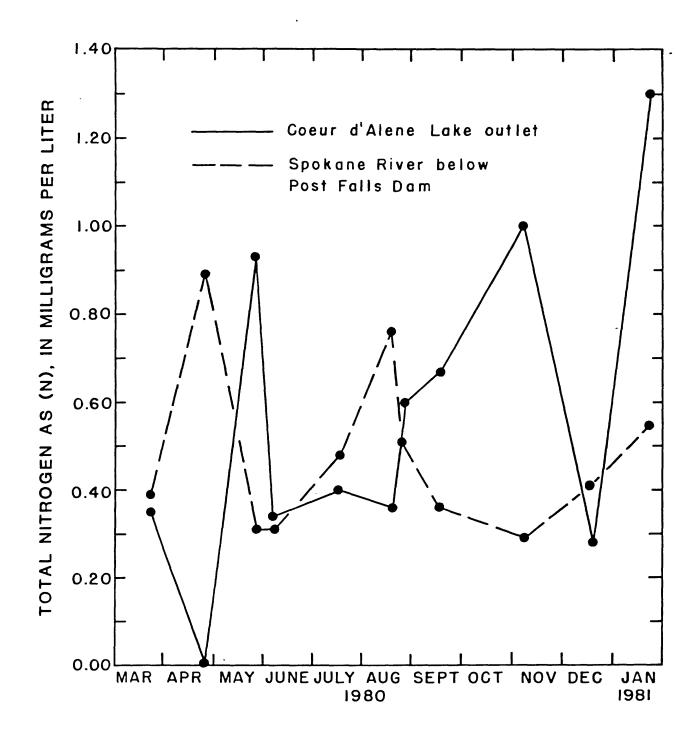


Figure 7.--Variations in total nitrogen concentrations entering and leaving the Spokane River reach, March 1980 to January 1981.

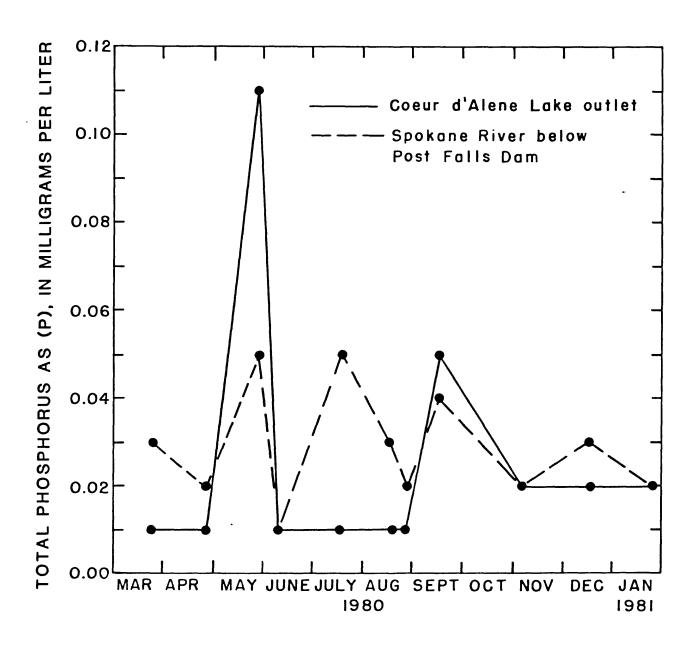


Figure 8.--Variations in total phosphorus concentrations entering and leaving the Spokane River reach, March 1980 to January 1981.

at Coeur d'Alene Lake outlet and below Post Falls Dam are shown in table 7. Analyses from effluent samples collected January through November at the Coeur d'Alene sewagetreatment plant are shown in table 9. Concentrations of trace metals were all low. Instream Idaho water-quality standards were not exceeded at Coeur d'Alene Lake outlet or below Post Falls Dam.

### Twenty-Four-Hour Monitoring

Water temperature and DO concentrations were measured hourly from 0900 hours, August 26, to 2400 hours, August 28; and from 1200 hours, November 5, to 1200 hours, November 7, for site 12417925 (fig. 9). These measurements were obtained by suspending a probe, equipped with an automatic stirring device, 5 ft below the surface. Water temperatures varied only 2°C during the August period and were constant during the November period. Concentrations of DO showed small diel variations for both periods; lows were recorded during the morning hours and highs were recorded during the afternoon hours.

#### SUMMARY

Cross-sectional properties and water-quality characteristics were determined for flows of 6,100 to 8,440 ft<sup>3</sup>/s during June 8 to 12; 750 to 1,760 ft<sup>3</sup>/s during August 24 to 27; and 1,790 to 1,630 ft<sup>3</sup>/s during November 3 to 7. Water samples were obtained periodically for chemical analyses from March 1980 through January 1981 at the outlet of Coeur d'Alene Lake and below Post Falls Dam.

The smallest cross-sectional area was 4,430 ft  $^2$  measured November 4 at station 12417600; the largest was 17,000 ft  $^2$  measured August 28 at station 12418300. Flow velocities in the reach ranged from 2.00 ft/s during June to less than 0.10 ft/s during August and November.

Water temperatures ranged from 3.0°C in March to 20.0°C in August. Specific-conductance values were generally less than 75  $\mu$  mho/cm and indicate water in the Spokane River contains little dissolved material.

Concentrations of DO exceeded 6 mg/L in all samples except those obtained at the bottom of the deep cross sections where oxygen was depleted.

# DISSOLVED OXYGEN, IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER

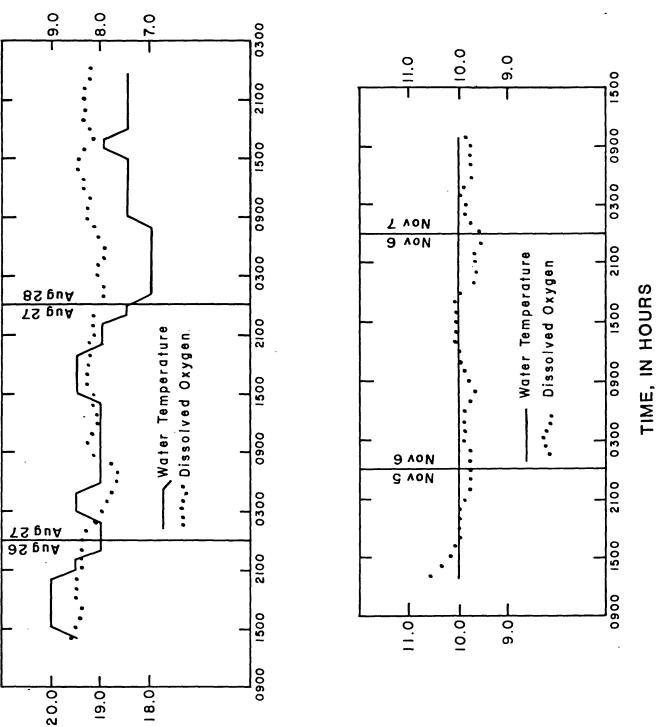


Figure 9. --Water temperature and concentrations of dissolved oxygen, measured hourly at Site 12417925, Spokane River below Harbor Island, near Post Falls.

CEFRINS

WATER TEMPERATURE, IN DEGREES

Values of pH were near neutral to slightly alkaline and ranged from 7.3 to 8.8.

Results of nutrient analyses indicated low concentrations of phosphorus; the highest value of 0.11 mg/L was observed on May 28. An apparent increase in the concentration of total ammonia nitrogen occurred downstream from the Coeur d'Alene sewage-treatment plant; the highest value of 0.12 mg/L was observed on November 4 at station 12417850.

Bacteria analyses for FC and FS revealed low colony counts. Maximums of 11 col/100 mL FC on August 28 and 1,200 col/100 mL FS on July 16 and August 28 were observed.

Samples for analysis of trace metals were collected at Coeur d'Alene Lake outlet and below Post Falls Dam. Instream Idaho State water-quality standards were not exceeded.

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#### CONVERSION FACTORS

The following conversion table is included for the convenience of those who prefer to use SI (International System of Units) rather than the inch-pound system. Constituent concentrations are given in mg/L (milligrams per liter) or  $\mu$ g/L (micrograms per liter), which are (within the range of values presented) numerically equal to parts per million or parts per billion, respectively. Specific conductance is expressed as  $\mu$ mho/cm (micromhos per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius).

Multiply inch-pound uni	<u>By</u>	To obtain SI unit
	Length	
<pre>foot (ft) mile (mi)</pre>	0.3048 1.609	meter kilometer
	Area	
square foot (ft <sup>2</sup> ) square mile (mi <sup>2</sup> )	0.0929 2.590	square meter square kilometer
	Volume per unit time	
<pre>cubic foot per second   (ft 3/s)</pre>	0.02832	cubic meter per second
	Velocity	
foot per second (ft/s)	0.3048	meter per second

Conversion of °C (degrees Celsius) to °F (degrees Fahrenheit) is by the equation °F=(1.8)(°C)+32. Water temperatures are reported to the nearest one-half degree.

DATA TABLES

- Table 1.--Locations of sampling stations
- 12417598 Spokane River at Lake Outlet, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho.

  Lat 47°40'34", long 116°48'05", in NE½NW½SW½ sec. 14,
  T. 50 N., R. 4 W. Kootenai County, at Coeur d'Alene
  Lake outlet at Coeur d'Alene, mile 111.1.
- 12417600 Spokane River at Highway 95 crossing at Coeur d'Alene, Idaho.

Lat 47°41'10", long 116°47'55", in NE½NE½NW½ sec. 14, T. 50 N., R. 4 W. Kootenai County, at Highway 95 bridge at Coeur d'Alene, mile 110.4.

- 12417650 Spokane River below Gibbs at Coeur d'Alene, Idaho.

  Lat 47°41'34", long ll6°48'46", in NE½NW½SE½ sec. l0,
  T. 50 N., R. 4 W. Kootenai County at Coeur d'Alene,
  mile 109.6.
- 12417725 Spokane River at Atlas near Coeur d'Alene, Idaho.

  Lat 47°41'51", long 116°49'40", in SW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}{2}\)NW\(\frac{1}\)NW\(\frac{1}\)NW\(\frac{1}\)NW\(\frac{1}\)NW\(\frac{1}\)NW\(\frac{1}\)NW\(\frac{1}\)NW\(\frac{1}\)NW\(\frac{1}\)NW\(\frac{1}
- 12417850 Spokane River above Harbor Island near Coeur d'Alene, Idaho.

  Lat 47°41'49", long 116°51'32", in NW\( 4\)SW\( 4\)NE\( 4\) sec. 8,
  T. 50 N., R. 4 W., Kootenai County, 3 mi west of
- 12417925 Spokane River below Harbor Island near Post Falls, Idaho.

Coeur d'Alene, mile 107.3.

Lat 47°41'43", long 116°52'52", in SE\SW\NE\sec. 7, T. 50 N., R. 4 W. Kootenai County, 3 mi east of Post Falls, mile 106.2.

- 12418025 Spokane River below Black Bay near Post Falls, Idaho.

  Lat 47°41'52", long 116°53'51" in NW\sW\sNE\sec. 12,
  T 50 N., R 5 W. Kootenai County, 2 mi east of Post
  Falls, mile 105.2.
- 12418200 Spokane River at Ford Rock near Post Falls, Idaho.

  Lat 47°42'05", long 116°55'38" in NW\[ \frac{1}{2}\]NW\[ \frac{1}{2}\] sec. ll,

  T. 50 N., R. 5 W. Kootenai County, l mi east of Post
  Falls, mile 103.5.

Table 1.--Locations of sampling stations--Continued

12418300 Spokane River at crossing at Post Falls, Idaho.

Lat 47°42'16", long ll6°56'53" in NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 3, T. 50 N., R. 5 W., Kootenai County at Post Falls, mile 102.5.

12419000 Spokane River near Post Falls, Idaho.

Lat 47"42'10", long 116°58'40", in SW\s\ sec. 4, T. 50 N., R. 5 W. Kootenai County, 1 mi downstream from powerplant of Washington Water Power Co., 1.5 mi southwest of Post Falls, and at mile 100.7.

Table 2.--Discharge at station 12419000, Spokane River near Post Falls

Aug. 28 0400 1,720 Nov. 5 0400 1,630 1,630 1,730 Nov. 5 0400 1,730 1,630 1,630 1,630 1,730 Nov. 6 0400 1,730 1,730 Nov. 6 0400 1,730 1,730 Nov. 6 0400 1,730 1,730 Nov. 6 0400 1,630 1,630 1,730 Nov. 6 0400 1,630 1,630 1,730 1,730 Nov. 6 0400 1,630 1,630 1,730 1,730 Nov. 6 0400 1,630 1,630 1,730 1,730 1,730 1,630 1,630 1,630 1,730 1,730 1,630 1,630 1,630 1,730 1,730 1,730 1,630 1,630 1,630 1,730 1,730 1,730 1,630 1,630 1,630 1,730		June 8-12,	1 1	Period	of Aug. 24-28		Period	of	1980
110 Aug. 24 2400 760 Nov. 3 2400 1100 Aug. 25 0400 770 Nov. 4 0400 1100 1100 750 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 750 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 750 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 12	Time 24-hour)	- 1	Discharge (ft³/s)	Date	Time (24-hour)	Discharge (ft³/s)	Date	Time (24-hour)	Discharge (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)
, 320 , 320	2400 0800 1200 2000 2400		11,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,1	77	2400 0400 0800 1200 1600 2400	760 750 750 750 750 750		2400 0400 0800 1200 1600 2000	1,790 1,790 1,770 1,630 1,620
380 Aug. 27 0400 1,760 Nov. 6 0400 1 390 1,730 1,730 1200 1 380 1600 1,730 1600 1 380 2400 1,720 2400 1 320 1,720 1,720 1,720 1,720 1,730	0400 0800 1200 1600 2000 2400		200 200 400 800 800 800		0400 0800 1200 1600 2000		_	0400 0800 1200 1600 2000 2400	1,630 1,640 1,640 1,640 1,630
,360 Aug. 28 0400 1,720 Nov. 7 0400 1,64 ,320 0800 1,730 0800 1,64 ,320 1600 1,730 ,310 2000 1,730 ,290 2400 1,730	0400 0800 1200 1600 2400			7	0400 0800 1200 1600 2400	iiiiii		0400 0800 1200 1600 2000 2400	1,630 1,630 1,630 1,630 1,640
	0400 0800 11200 2000 2000			7	0400 0800 1200 1600 2400			0400	4. 4.

Table 3.--Cross-sectional area and stream velocities at selected sites on the Spokane River

		Cross-	the for the factor	Stream v	Stream velocity (ft/s)	(ft/s)
Station No.	Date	area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Depth Delow water surface (tenths of total depth)	Verticals 1/4	from left 1/2	ft bank 3/4
12417600	June 9, 1980	6,930	ŭ.0	1.41	1.47	1.32
	Aug. 25, 1980	6,710		1.18	30	1.08
	•		Φ.	.13	.20	.18
	NOV. 4. 1980	0744	7. 8.		.36	.39
12417650	June 9, 1980	6,150		1.62	1.65	1.76
	Ang. 25, 1980	780		16.	1.08	1.38
		9		.17	11.	1.14
	Nov. 4, 1980	4,620		525	4.	.48
				000	. 34	•
12417725	June 9, 1980	6,130	7.	1.84	2.00	1.01
	75 1000	. 017 3	æ. c	1.29	1.47	.91
	,,,	014.0	7.00	.12	17	77
	Nov. 4, 1980	4,650		.45	. 45	. 26
			ω.	.35	.40	.17
12417850	June 10, 1980	7,900	ö	1.17	1.24	1.22
	Aug. 26, 1980	8,250	<b>.</b>	11.	? ?	1.4
		) 		.07	14	.07
	Nov. 5, 1980	5,780	2.8.	.31	. 28	.29
12417925	June 10, 1980	8,460	7.	1.22	1.27	.90
	Aug. 26, 1980	8,980	æ. c.	1.12	24 4	.71
	Nov. 5, 1980	6,870	œ. ८ <u>.</u> æ.	.16 .29 .24	. 13 18 18	. 18 . 24 . 14
12418025	June 11, 1980	6,800	ú,	_	1.68	1.36
	Aug. 27, 1980	6,930	, ייי	77.	2 7 7 4 80 6	1.04 .24
	Nov. 6, 1980	2,760	o. ^! &.	.39	. 40 . 26	.31

Table 3. -- Cross-sectional area and stream velocities at selected sites on the Spokane River -- Continued

		Cross-		Stream	Stream velocity (ft/s)	ft/s)
Station No.	Date	sectional area (ft²)	Depth Delow water surface (tenths of total depth)	Vertica 1/4	Verticals from left bank 1/4	t bank 3/4
12418200	June 11, 1980	9,940	0.2	0.45	0.88 .86	1.07
	Aug. 27, 1980 Nov. 6, 1980	10,300 8,890		.09	.19	.19
12418300	June 12, 1980	16,600	5.85	.54	.57	.63
•	Aug. 28, 1980' Nov. 7, 1980	17,000 14,500	2.8	.0. 80.	11.	.14 .13

 $^{\rm l}\text{Wind}$  at time of measurement.  $^{\rm 2}\text{Velocity}$  readings not reliable.

Table 4.--Estimates of "n" roughness coefficients

Cita Na	Range of roughness coefficients	
Site No.	"n"	Comments
12417600	0.027 - 0.028	Mostly small gravels with much silt, wide channel, slow velocities, bridge piers
12417650	.026027	Mostly small gravels and sands with much silt; wide, deep channel; slow velocities
12417725	.027028	Mostly sand and small gravels with much silt, a few cobbles, wide and fairly deep channel
12417850	.027028	Do.
12417925	.029030	Left bank is shale rock, cobbles on right bank, middle of channel has much silt
12418025	.030032	Left bank is large boulders, sand, and gravel; not much silt visible; right bank is gravel and rounded cobbles
12418200	.034036	Large basalt boulders on both banks, fractured basalt, some silt
12418300	.029030	Silt and bark covering channel, sand and fine gravel on banks, bridge piers

# Table 5.--Designated-use classifications from Idaho water-quality standards

(Modified from Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, Division of Environment)

Spokane River - Coeur d'Alene Lake to Stateline Designated Use:

- 1. Domestic water supply
  - Suitable or intended to be made suitable for drinking-water supply
- 2. Agricultural water supply
  - a. Irrigation
  - b. Stock water
- 3. Cold-water biota
  - a. Aquatic organisms with optimal growth below 18°C
- 4. Salmonid spawning
  - a. Self-propagation of salmonid fish
- 5. Primary contact recreation
  - a. Swimming, water skiing, skindiving
  - b. Ingestion of small quantities probable
- 6. Secondary contact recreation
  - a. Fishing, boating, wading
  - b. Ingestion of water not probable

Table 6.--Idaho water-quality standards as applied to designated-use classifications for the Spokane River

The following water-quality standards apply to waters of the State of Idaho for the use classifications listed in table 5.

## 1. Domestic water supply

a. Domestic water supplies are to exhibit the following characteristics:

Substance	Maximum allowable concentrations (mg/L)	Temperature (°C)
Arsenic	0.050	
Barium	1.000	
Cadmium	0.010	
Chromium	0.050	
Cyanide	0.200	
Fluoride <sup>1</sup>	2.400	Up to 12.0
	2.200	12.1 - 14.6
	2.000	14.7 - 17.6
	1.800	17.7 - 21.4
	1.600	21.5 - 26.1
	1.400	26.3 - 32.5
Lead	0.050	
Mercury	0.002	
Nitrate (as N)	10.000	
Selenium	0.010	
Silver	0.050	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>As determined by the average annual maximum daily air temperature for the area where the water is to be used.

#### 2. Cold-water biota

- a. Dissolved oxygen concentrations must exceed 6 mg/L at all times
- b. pH values must be within range of 6.5 to 9.0
- c. Water temperature must be less than 22°C
- d. Un-ionized ammonia must be less than 0.02 mg/L

Table 6.--Idaho water-quality standards as applied to designated-use classifications for the Spokane River--Continued

## 3. Salmonid spawning

- a. DO concentrations must exceed 6 mg/L
- b. pH values must be within range of 6.5 to 9.0
- c. Water temperature must be less than 13°C
- d. Un-ionized ammonia must be less than 0.02 mg/L
- 4. Primary contact recreation
  - a. Between May 1 and September 30 each year, waters may not contain fecal coliform bacteria exceeding 500 colonies per 100 milliliters of water at any time
- 5. Secondary contact recreation
  - a. Fecal coliform bacteria may not exceed 800 colonies per 100 milliliters of water at any time

Table 7.--Water-quality data for two selected sites in the Spokane River between Coeur d'Alene Lake and Post Falls Dam, March 1980 through January 1981

[TURBIDITY(NTU), nephelometric-turbidity unit; K, less than ideal colony count; UG/L, µg/L (micrograms per liter); <, less than; --, no data available.]

DATE	TIME (24-hour)	STREAM- FLOW. INSTAN- TANEOUS (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)	SPE- CIFIC CON- DUCT- ANCE (MICRO- MHOS)	PH (UN]TS)	TEMPER- ATURE: AIR (DEG C)	TEMPER- ATURE: WATER (DEG C)	TUR- BID- ITY (NTU)	OXYGEN• DIS- SDLVED (MG/L)	OXYGEN: DIS- SOLVED (PFR- CENT SATUR- ATION)	OXYGEN DEMAND. CHEM- ICAL (HIGH LEVEL) (MG/L)
	12417598 -	- SPUKANE	RIVER AT	LAKE OUT	LET AT CO	UER D'ALE	ENE ID (LA	T 47 40 3	4 LONG 11	6 48 05)
MAR . ]	1980									
20	1200	5440	69	*7.3	12.0	3.0	1.4	12.4	100	7
APR 24 May	1215	15900	74	*7.7	15.2	6.0	1.2	12.4	108	4
28	1300	17200	55		14.0	12.0	3,7	10.1	102	3
09	0915	8080	52	<b>*7.</b> 4.	18.5	15.0	1.7	10.2	110	9
16 AUG	0715	3140	55	*7.8	18.5	19.0	1.1	8.2	94	18
20	1200	1520	57	*7.7	20.0	20.0	1.0	8.2	98	5
25	1000	1300	62	<b>*7.4</b>	17.0	19.5	.80	7.9	106	15
SEP 18	1145	2020	62	<b>*7.</b> 4	18.0	17.0	.50	8.6	97	11
NOV 04	0845	1eaÚ	66		10.5	11.0		9.6	93	8
Dec 17	1145	3240	66	* 7.8	4.0	5.0	.40	10.4	88	0
Jan 22	0930	5440	68	*7.2	4.0	4.0	2.1	11.4	91	16
	124	14000 <b>-</b> St	POKANE RIV	EH NEAH	POST FALL	OHAGI .2	(LAT 47 4)	S IN FOAR	116 58 4	0)
MAR .	1930									
20 APR	0915	5820	61	*7.3	5.1)	3.5	1.0	12.9	94	15
24	0800	15300	67	*7.8	11.5	7.0	5.5	13.0	116	5
28	1030	17800	55		10.5	12.0	3.6	11.4	115	16
09	1300	8440	53	*7.4	23.0	15.0	1.5	10.2	108	6
JUL 16 AUG	1500	2670	54	*7.7	24.0	20.0	1.2	8.7	102	11
20	1000	1340	56		19.5	20.0	1.5	7.6	89	6
28 SEP	0930	1660	62	*7.3	12,5	18.0	1.0	7.9	77	21
18 NDV	0930	1760	61	*7.4	14.6	17.5	.50	8.2	95	30
07 Dec	0945	1640	65		14.4	11.0	••	9.6	96	7
17	0945	3240	67	* 7.4	0.0	5.0	.60	10.8	91	1
Jan 21	0945	5790	65	7.2	5.0	4.0	1.2	11.2	92	20

<sup>\*</sup>Lab determination

Table 7.--Water-quality data for two selected sites in the Spokane River between Coeur d'Alene Lake and Post Falls Dam, March 1980 through January 1981--Continued

DATE	OXYGEN DEMAND. BIOCHEM UNINHIB 5 DAY (MG/L)	COLI- FORM. FECAL, 0.7 UM-MF (COLS./ 100 ML)	STREP- TOCOCCI FECAL* KF AGAR (COLS* PER 100 ML)	HARD- NESS (MG/L AS CACO3)	HARD- NESS, NONCAR- BONATE (MG/L CACO3)	CALCTUM DIS- SOLVED (MG/L AS CA)	MAGNE- SIUM+ DIS- SOLVED (MG/L AS MG)	SODIUM, DIS- SOLVED (MG/L AS NA)	SODIUM PERCENT	SODIUM AD- SORP- TION RATIO
	12417598	- SPOKANE	RIVER AT	LAKE OUT	LET AT COU	ER DIALE	NE ID (LA	T 47 40 3	+ LONG 116	48 05)
MAR + 1	1980 1.6	K1	К3-	26	10	7.3	1.9	1.6	13	0.2
APR 24	.9	~1	к6		••	••		••		
YAH 28	.7	K4	K30	19	3	5.4	1.4	1.3	12	.1
JUN 09	·	<1	К2	20	5	5.5	1.5	1.4	13	.1
JUL 16	1,3	к4	120			••				
AUG 20	.6	ĸ2	кз		••		••		••	
25 SEP		κ5	K15	••	••		••		••	
18	.9		К6	26	8	7,1	1.9	1.5	11	.1
04	.4	<1	K10		••			••	••	
Dec 11	1.4	<1	KII	27	11	7.4	2.0	1.6	11	1
Jan 22	.6	кі	К3							
	12	•19000 <b>-</b> S	POKANE RI	VER NEAR	POST FALLS	• IDAHO	(LAT 47 4	2 10 LONG	116 58 40	))
MAR	1980	кз	53	24	7	7.0	1.7	1.7	13	• 5
APR 24	.8	<1	к2				••			••
28	1.1	К4	56	20	4	5.4	1,6	1.3	12	.1
JUN 09		κı	55	24	8	7.0	1.6	1.5	12	.1
16	.9	КЪ	K1200							
20	1.1	кв К11	1 u 0 u 1200							
SEP	.7	**	570	24	5	6.7	1.8	1,6	12	.1
18 NOV 07	.8	к5	250	••			••	••		••
Jec 17	1.6	K2	240	28	9	7.9	1.9	1.8	12	.2
Jan 2 <u>1</u>	.3	K2	64							

Table 7.--Water-quality data for two selected sites in the Spokane River between Coeur d'Alene Lake and Post Falls Dam, March 1980 through January 1981--Continued

DATE	POTAS- SIUM+ DIS- SOLVEU (MG/L AS K)	BICAR- BONATE (MG/L AS HCO3)	HONATE (MG/L AS CO3)	ALKA- LINITY (MG/L AS CACO3)	DIS- SOLVED (MG/L AS SO+)	FLUO- RIDF. DIS- SOLVED (MG/L AS F)	SILICAP DIS- SOLVED (MG/L AS SIO2)	SOLIDS. SUM OF CONSTI- TUENTS. DIS- SOLVED (MG/L)	SOLIDS. DIS- SOLVED (TONS PER AC-FT)	SDLIDS, DIS- SDLVED (TONS PER DAY)
	12417598	- SPURANE	RIVER AT	LAKE OUT	LET AT COUE	R D'ALE	NE ID (LAI	47 40 3	+ LUNG II	0 48 05)
MAR +				1.4	1.3		7.0	4.3	0.06	422
20	0.8			16	12	0.1	7.8	43	0.06	632
24 May		24	0	20	••	•-	••		•-	••
28 JUN	.7			16	5.9	.1	6.9	32	.05	1760
09	.7	22	•-	18	6.8	.1	7.1	33	.04	720
16		0	24	40	••		••	••		
20		24	0	20	••			••	.06	151
SEP										
18	.9	22	0	18	6.8	.1	7,1	37	.05	207
04		••			••		••			
Dec 17	.7	20	0	20	3	.1	7.5	43	.06	375
Jan 22										
	12	419000 - S	POKANE RIV	ER NEAR	POST FALLS	IDAHO	(LAT 47 42	10 LONG	116 58 4	0)
MAR .	1980									
20	• 8			17	11	.1	7.2	41	.06	644
24		24	0	20						••
28	.6	••		10	6.9	.1	6.9	33	.06	1970
JUN 09	.7	22		18	8.0	.1	7.1	36	.05	820
JUL 16		24		20						
AUG 20		24		20						
28 SEP		••					••		.07	220
18	1.0	22	0	19	6.9	.1	6.8	37	.07	233
07							••		••	
Dec										
17	.8	24	0	24	10	.1	7.4	43	.06	376

Table 7.--Water-quality data for two selected sites in the Spokane River between Coeur d'Alene Lake and Post Falls Dam, March 1980 through January 1981--Continued

DATE	SOLIDS, RESIDUE AT 105 DEG. C, SUS- PENDED (MG/L)	NITRO- GEN+ NOZ+NO3 TOTAL (MG/L AS N)	NITRO- GEN+ NO2+NO3 DIS- SOLVED (MG/L AS N)	NITRO- GEN• AMMONIA TOTAL (MG/L AS N)	NITRU- GEN•	NITRO- GEN•AM- MONIA + ORGANIC TOTAL (MG/L AS N)	NITRO- GEN: TOTAL (MG/L AS N)	PHOS- PHORUS, TOTAL (MG/L AS P)	PHOS- PHORUS: ORTHOPH OSPHATE DISSOL: (MG/L AS P)	ARSENIC TOTAL (UG/L AS AS)
	12417598	- SPOKANE	HIVER AT	LAKE OUT	LET AT COU	ER DIALE	NF ID (LAT	47 40 30	LONG 116	6 48 05)
MAR + 1 20 APR	980	0.06	0.08	0.00	0,29	0.29	0.35	0.010	0.04	1
24 MAY	1	.00		.00	.35	.35	.00	.010	••	2
28	5	.01	.03	.01	.91	.92	.93	.110	.02	1
09	8	.00	.01	.01	.33	.34	.34	.010	.01	1
JUL 16	10	.00	••	.05	.35	.40	.40	.010	.01	1
AUG 20	7	.00		.02	.34	.36	.36	.010	.00	1
25 SEP	81	.00		.00	.60	.60	.60	.010	.00	1
18	18	.00	.00	.00	.67	.67	.67	.050	.00	1
NOV 04	5	.00		.00	1.0	1.0	1.0	.020		
Dec 17	0	.01	.00	.00	.26	.26	.27	.020		1
Jan 22	0	.07		.05	1.2	1.2	1.3	.020	.01	.2
	124	19000 <b>-</b> S	POKANE RI	VER NEAR	POST FALLS	• IDAHO	(LAT 47 42	10 LONG	116 58 40	))
MAR , 1 20	940	.06	.08	.00	.33	.33	.39	.020	.03	0
APR 24	Ú	.02		.00	.87	.87	.89	.020	.01	5
YAM 28	v	.00	.01	.00	.31	.31	.31	.050	.02	1
JUN 09	5	.02	.02	.07	•55	.29	.31	.010	.01	1
JUL 16	9	.00		.00	.48	.48	.48	.050	.00	1
AUG 20 28	6 75	.09		.00	.67 .51	.67 .51	.76 .51	.030	.00	1
SEP 18	5	.00	.00	.00	.36	.36	,36	.040	.01	1
NOV 07	8	.00	••	.00	.29	.29	.29	.020	••	
Dec 17 Jan	0	.02	.01	.01	.38	.39	.41	. 030	.00	1
21	0	.03		.05	.47	.52	.55	.020	.00	1

Table 7.--Water-quality data for two selected sites in the Spokane River between Coeur d'Alene Lake and Post Falls Dam, March 1980 through January 1981--Continued

		CHRO-							
	CADMIUM TOTAL		OPPER.	COPPER.	IRON, Total	LEAD, Total	MERCURY Total	ZINC+ Total	ZINC.
	RECOV-		RECOV-	DIS-	RECOV-	RECOV-	RECOV-	RECOV-	DIS-
	ERABLE	ERABLE !	ERABLE	SOLVED	ERABLE	ERABLE	ERABLE	ERABLE	SOLVED
	(UG/L	–	(UG/L As cu)	(UG/L	(UG/L AS FE)	(UG/L	(UG/L AS HG)	(UG/L	(UG/L AS ZN)
DATE	AS CD)	AS CR)	AS CUI	AS CU)	AS PEI	AS PB)	AS HGI	AS ZN)	AS ZNI
12417	598 - SPO	KANE RIVER	AT LAK	E OUTLET	AT COUER	D'ALENE I	D (LAT 47	40 34 LO	NG 116 48 05)
MAR + 19		• -	_	ē	• • • •			• 40	2.10
20 APR	1	12	3	1	100	31	0.1	180	180
24 MAY	5	4	0	2	150	5	.1	210	150
28	1	0	5	<10	100	4	.1	140	73
09	1	7	30	3	120	38	.0	140	80
JUL 16 AUG	2	6	4	4	130	6	• 0	1+0	80
20	1	0	16	2	70	7	,1	190	90
25	1	11	7		110	6	.1	320	70
SEP 18 NOV	0	3	4	1	120	5	.0	130	
04	5	4	8	••	100	3		140	••
Dec 17	0	3	4	2	80	3	.1	160	160
Jan 22	0	4	6	3	290	28	.3	210	180
	12419000	- SPOKANE	DIVER	NEAD DOST	FALLS.	TAIL OHAD	47 42 10	10NG 116	58 40)
	12419000	- SPURANE	NIVEN !	NEAR FOST	1 4 2 2 3 7 1	CANO (EA)		Cont, cos	
MAR . 19				3	110	15	.0	180	170
20 Apr	1	8	6	3	110	15		100	1.0
24 MAY	2	3	4	5	280	10	•5	260	
8S	1	0	13	<10	140	5	.1	200	64
09	1	2	13	3	100	11	.1	130	90
JUL 16	1	4	5	4	100	7	.0	130	0
AUG 20	1	0	32	2	120	10	.1	170	80
28	1	11	8		70	6	.1	120	80
SEP 18	1	5	2	12	160	5	.0	180	••
NOV 07		4	16		120	9		140	••
Dec									
17	0	3	9	4	170	12	.6	180	170
Jan 21	1	9	9	3	190	24	.2	190	170

## Table 8.--Water-quality data at seven cross-section locations in the Spokane River between Coeur d'Alene Lake and Post Falls Dam, June 1980 through November 1930

[TURBIDITY (NTU), nephelometric-turbidity unit; --, no data available;

DATE	†լտէ (24-hour)	STUFAM— FILUR+ INSTAH— TAHEOUS (£t³/s)	SPF- CIFIC CON- DUCT- ANCE (MICRO- MHOS)	, PH (UN]TS)	TEMPFR- ATURE: AIR (DEG C)	TEMPER- ATUPE: WATER (DEG C)	TUR- BID- ITY (NIU)	OXYGEN+ DTS- SOLVED (MG/L)	OXYGEN• DIS- SOLVED (PER- CENT SATUR- ATION)
124	11650 - 5	SOKENE SI	VEH HL GI	HAS NR CO	EUR NAL	ENE IDAHO	(LAT 47	41 34 LONG	116 48 46)
. 1014 + 1 09	.940 1030	8240	56	7.9	18.5	13.5	1.1		
AUG 25	11:10	868	62	8.0	29.5	19.0	.90	7.7	94
NOV 04	1130	1830	67	8.8	17.5	11.0	.70	9.5	93
• • • • •		2,500	<b>.</b>	0.0		22.0	••	,,,	
12	2417725 -	SPUKANE R	IVER AT A	TLAS NR C	OEUR D AL	ENE IDAHO	(LAT 47	41 51 LONG	116 49 40)
JUN + 1									
09 AUG	1530	8430	<b>5</b> 6	7.5	18.5	15.0	.70		
75 25	1530	920	62	8.0	30.0	19.0	.50	7.9	97
04	1445	1530	68	8.0	12.0	10.5	1.0	9.6	94
124	17850 - S	POKANE HI	VER AB HA	RBOR ISLA	IND NR COE	UR D ALFNI	F (LAT 4)	' 41 49 LNN	G 116 51 32)
JUN + 1	980 0£01	7540	54	7.9	26.0	15.0	.80	9.8	108
AUG 26	1030	895	62	7.8	18.0	19.0	.25	8.8	101
MOA 02	1015	1550	66	8.2	9.5	10.0	.70	9.7	93
• • • • • •		. 330	•	<b>0.</b> L	7,3	10.0	•	74.	75
124	•17925 <b>-</b> S	POKANE RI	VER BL HA	RBOR ISLA	IND NR POS	ST FALLS I	D (LAT 4)	7 41 43 LON	iG 116 <b>52</b> 52)
JUN + 1	1980 1445	7920	51		17.5	15.0	1.1	9.4	103
AUG 26	1600	1410		8.0	24.0	21.0	.50	8.0	98
NOV 05	1330	1490	67	7.7	12.5	10.0	1.2	10.4	100
• • • • •	13,0	1470	0.	•••	12.5	10.0		10.0	
124	18025 <b>-</b> S	POKANE RI	VEH HL BL	ACK BAY N	IR POST FA	LLS IDAHO	(LAT 47	41 52 LDN6	; 116 53 51)
JUN + 1	1980 1030	8130	54	8.0	19.5	13.0	1.0	9.7	101
AUG 27	0900	1590	63	7.9	13.5	-	1.0	8.0	93
NOV 06	1000	1770	67	8.1	9.5		.90	10.1	97
124	•18200 <b>-</b> S	PUKANE RI	VER AT FO	RD ROCK N	IR POST FA	ALLS IDAHO	(LAT 47	42 05 LONG	116 55 38)
I • NUL	1980								
11	1500	7950	54	7.5	24.0	14.0	.90	9.5	99
27	1130	1060	63	8.1	16:5	19.0	1.0	8.2	95
06	1300	1510	68	7.8	12.0	10.0	1.2	10.0	96
12	2418300 -	SPOKANE R	IVER AT C	ROSSING A	T POST FA	ALLS IDAHO	(LAT 47	42 16 LONG	116 56 53)
12	0910	7360	53	7.7	16.5	14.0	1.1	9.2	98
AUG 28	0945	1660	62	7.9	14.0	19.0	.50	8.5	9ь
40V 07	0915	1570	66	8.2	14.5	10.0	.60	10.0	100

UATF	DXYGEN UFMAND, CHE 4- ICAL (HIGH LEVEL) (MG/L)	NITRO- GEN+ NITHATE TOTAL (MG/L AS N)	NITRO- GEN• NITRITE TOTAL (MG/L AS N)	NITRO- GEN• AMMONIA TUTAL (MG/L AS N)	NITRO- GEN+ Organic Total (MG/L AS N)	NITRO- GEN+ TOTAL (MG/L AS N)	PHOS- PHORUS. TOTAL (MG/L AS P)	PHOS- PHORUS: ORTHOPH OSPHATE TOTAL (MG/L AS P)	PHOS- PHORUS. ORTHOPH OSPHATE DISSOL. (MG/L AS P)	
124	17650 -	SPOKANE HI	VER HL GI	HBS NR CO	EUR N AL	ENE TOAHO	ILAT 47	41 34 LON	a 116 48	461
JUN • 1 09 Aug	980 21	0.00	0 <b>.0</b> u	0.04	0.13	0.17	0.020	0.01	0.00	
25		.00	.00	.02	.38	.40	.030	.00	.00	
04		.00	.00	.06	.65	. •73	.010	.00	.00	
12	417725 -	SPOKANE R	IVER AT A	TLAS NR C	OEUR O AL	ENE IDAHO	(LAT 47	41 51 LON	G 116 49	40)
JUN • 1										
09 AUG	5	.00	.01	.04	.18	.22	.040	.01	.01	
90V		•00	.01	.05	.34	.39	.060	.04	.01	
U4		.00	.00	.10	.90	1.0	.020	.01	.00	
124	17850 -	SPOKANE RI	VER AB HA	RBOR ISLA	ND NR COE	UP D ALEN	E (LAT 47	7 41 49 LO	NG 116 51	32)
JUN • 1	980									
10	9	.00	.01	.02	.17	.19	.010	.01	.00	
26		.00	.00	.06	.48	.54	.050	.01	.01	
NOV U5		.00	.00	.12	.34	.46	.020	.01	.00	
		SPUKANE RI	VER BL HA	RBOR ISLA	ND NR POS	T FALLS I	) (LAT 47	' 41 43 LO	NG 116 52	52)
JUN • 1 10 Aug	980	•00	.01	.04	.14	.18	.010	.01	.01	
26		.00	.00	.05	. 55	.60	.030	.00	.00	
05	••	.00	.00	.10	.39	.49	.020	.01	.00	
124	18025 - :	SPOKANE HI	VER AL BL	ACK BAY N	R POST FAI	LI_S IDAHO	(LAT 47	41 52 LON	5 116 53	51)
JUN • 1	980 6	.05	.01	.02	.16	.24	.020	.01	.01	
AUG 27		.00	.01	.04	.35	.39	.040	.01	.01	
06		.00	.00	.10	,54	.64	.020	.01	.00	
124	18200 - 9	SPOKANE RI	VER AT FO	RO ROCK N	R POST FAI	LS IDAHO	ELAT 47	42 05 LON	s 116 55 .	38)
JUN • 1'	980 980	.03	.01	.04	.33	.41	.010	.01	.00	
AUG 27		.00	.00	.02	.30	.32	.020	.00	.00	
NOV						-		-		
06	••	.00	.00	.09	1.2	1.3	.020	.00	.00	
120	18300 -	SPOKANE R	IVER AT CI	ROSSING AT	T POST FAL	LS IDAHO	(LAT 47	◆2 16 LONG	116 56 5	53)
JUN + 1			**	<u>-</u> .			420		^^	
12	13	.00	.00	.04	.12	.16	.020	.01	.00	
78		.03	.00	.03	.21	.33	.030	.00	.00	
07		.00	.00	.10	.50	.60	.020	.01	.00	

Table 9.--Nutrient, trace-metal, and heavy-metal concentrations of the Coeur d'Alene sewage-treatment plant effluent during the period March 1980 through January 1981 (Modified from Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, 1981)

[-- = no data available; < = less than]

Nutrient concentrations

				•
Date	Flow (ft³/s)	Total phosphorus (mg/L)	Ortho- phosphorus (mg/L)	Total nitrogen (mg/L)
Jan. 16, 1980	2.32	7.63	6.85	
Feb. 11, 1980	2.69	8.28	7.43	21.7
Mar. 12, 1980	2.61	06.90	6.85	1
Apr. 9, 1980	3.45	7.82	7.01	7. 71
May 14, 1980	2.82	7.95	7.37	1.91
June 11, 1980	3.00	7.50	6.84	16.3
Aug. 12, 1980	3.28	6.85	6.29	15.1
Sep. 9, 1980	3.57	i	;	;
Oct. 1, 1980	2.83	7.11	7.14	6.81
Nov. 5, 1980	2.85	6.8	9.9	;
Average	2.94			

Table 9.--Nutrient, trace-metal, and heavy-metal concentrations of the Coeur d'Alene sewage-treatment plant effluent during the period March 1980 through January 1981--Continued

Trace-metal concentrations

Date	Flow (ft³/s)	Dissolved cadmium (ug/L)	Dissolved copper (µg/L)	Dissolved lead (µg/L)	Dissolved zinc (µg/L)
Jan. 15, 1980	2.32	< 5	30	<50	120
Feb. 10, 1980	2.69	, S	30	< 50	720
Mar. 11, 1980	2.61.	\$ \	40	1	460
Apr. 8, 1980	3.45	1.4	20	< 50	180
May 14, 1980	2.82	, S	30	<50	152
June 10, 1980	3.00	\$\cdot \cdot	30	<50	123
Aug. 12, 1980	3.28	<1	30	< 50	120
Sep. 8, 1980	3.57	ſ	1	;	;
Sep. 30, 1980	2.83	<1	40	< 50	163
Nov. 4, 1980	2.85	ſ	!	;	:

Table 9.--Nutrient, trace-metal, and heavy-metal concentrations of the Coeur d'Alene sewage-treatment plant effluent during the period March 1980 through January 1981~-Continued

Heavy-metal concentrations

			!			•
Date	Total cadmium (µg/L)	Total copper (ug/L)	Total lead (ug/L)	Total silver (µg/L)	Total zinc (µg/L)	rotal mercury (μg/L)
Jan. 15, 1980	, 5 >	30	< 50	2	120	<0.5
Feb. 10, 1980	<b>S</b> >	20	<50	4.4	770	3.5
Mar. 11, 1980	, 5	30	1	3.8	340	1.1
Apr. 8, 1980	1.2	50	< 50	7	170	<0.5
May 14, 1980	< <b>&gt;</b>	30	< 50	2.1	105	6.0
June 10, 1980	< 5	30	< 50	2.8	7.7	<0.5
Aug. 12, 1980	<1	20	< 50	5.4	101	<0.5
Sep. 30, 1980	2.6	50	< 50	4	128	<0.5

Table 10. -- Vertical-profile data from cross sections

[-- = no data available]

Date	Time (24-hour)	Cross section, distance from left bank (ft)	Depth (ft)	Water temperature (°C)	Dissolved oxygen (mq/L)	Specific conductance (umho/cm at 25°C)	pH (units)
		12417650 Spo	Spokane River below	Gibbs			-
June 9, 1980	1030	08	1 4 8 12 12.8 bottom	13.0 13.0		. 56.	
		235	1 5 10 15 15.7 bottom	13.5 13.5 13.5		54	7.9
		455	1 5 6.0 bottom	14.5 14.5 		95	
Aug. 25, 1980	1100	110	1 5 10 13.9 bottom	19.0 19.0 19.0	L. 8. 6. 8.	61	
		230	1 5 10 15.8 bottom	19.0 18.5 18.5	 ν.ν.ο.ε.	, ,	0°8
		410	1 5 10 12.1 bottom	19.0 19.0 19.0	2.7.7.		
Nov. 4, 1980	1630	105	1 5 10 10.7 bottom	0.000	დ დ დ დ რ რ സ 4	• •	. ,
	· 	230	1 5 10 12.6 bottom	11.0 11.0 11.0 0.11	დიდდ ი. 4. 4. 4.	7.9	8 8
		. 395	1 5 9.2 bottom	11.0	0 0 C		

Table 10. --Vertical-profile data from cross sections -- Continued

Date	Time (24-hour)	Cross section, distance from left bank (ft)	Depth (ft)	Water temperature (°C)	Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)	Specific conductance (umho/cm at 25°C)	pH (units)
		12417725 Spok	Spokane River at At	Atlas			
June 9, 1980	1530	30	1 5 9 10.7 bottom	15.0 15.0 15.0		55	. • •
	•	215	1 5 10 14 14.7 bottom	15.0 15.0 15.0		95	7.5
		380	1 5 10 11.5 bottom	1155.5		55	
Aug. 25, 1980	1530	100	1 5 10 14.2 bottom	19.5 19.0 19.0	8.0 8.0 9.0	62	
		200	1 5 10 14.9 bottom	19.5 19.0 19.0	88.0.0	62	0.8
		290	1 5 10 14.8 bottom	20.0 19.5 19.0	8800	62	
Nov. 4, 1980	1445	125	1 5 10 11.5 bottom	10.5 10.5 10.5	 		
		280	1 5 10 11.3 bottom	11.0 11.0 10.5 10.5	9.9.9.9	89	0.8
		390	1 5 9.3 bottom	10.5 10.5 10.5	000 4.4.4.		

Table 10. -- Vertical-profile data from cross sections -- Continued

pH (units)		, • •	7.9			7.8			8.5	-
Specific conductance (umho/cm at 25°C)		55	52	54	62	62	62		99	
Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)		9.5 10.0 10.0	000 I	4.000 4.000	& & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &	& & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &	8888	0 0 0 0 0	7.06 7.00	9.66 9.69
Water temperature (°C)	oor Island	14.0 14.0 14.5	14.5 14.5 15.0	15.0 15.0	18.5 19.0 19.0	19.0 19.0 19.0	118 118 18 18 18 18	10.0	10.0	10.0
Depth (ft)	River above Harbor	1 5 10 10.5 bottom	1 5 10 12.6 bottom	1 5 10 12.2 bottom	1 5 9.1 bottom	1 5 10 13.0 bottom	1 5 10 13.1 bottom	1 5 8.1 bottom	1 5 9.5 bottom	1 5 9.5 bottom
Cross section, distance from left bank (ft)	12417850 Spokane	95	295	520	06	340	565	175	350	525
Time (24-hour)		1030	•		1030			1015		
Date		June 10, 1980			Aug. 26, 1980			Nov. 5, 1980		

Table 10. -- Vertical-profile data from cross sections -- Continued

Date	Time (24-hour)	Cross section, distance from left bank (ft)	Depth (ft)	Water temperature (°C)	Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)	Specific conductance (µmho/cm at 25°C)	pH (units)
		12417925 Spokane I	River below Harbor	or Island			
June 10, 1980	1445	107	1 5 10 15 18.7 bottom	15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0	9.7 7.88.5 7.6	51	, ••
	•	302	1 5 10 15 19.7 bottom	15.0 15.0 14.5	9 9 8 7 3 6 0 5 5 4	4 8	;
		497	1 5 5.8 bottom	15.0 15.0 15.0	იიი 4.4.4.	2	
Nov. 5, 1980	1330	150	1 5 10 16.5 bottom	10.5 10.5 10.5	10.8 10.8 10.7 10.4		
		300	1 5 10 16.2 bottom	10.5 10.5 10.5	10.4 10.3 10.3	67	7.7
		450	1 3.2 bottom	10.5 10.5	10.1		-

Table 10. -- Vertical-profile data from cross sections -- Continued

Date	Time (24-hour)	Cross section, distance from left bank (ft)	Depth (ft)	Water temperature (°C)	Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)	Specific conductance (umho/cm at 25°C)	pH (units)
		12418025 Spokane	e River below Black	lack Bay			
June 11, 1980	1030	. 09	1 5 10 10.6 bottom	13.0 13.0	0081 804	54	. • •
	٠	200	1 5 10 15 20 25 27.5 bottom	13.0 13.0 13.0	10.0 10.0 10.0 8.8 8.0 7.6	5.4	8.0
		300	1 5 10 15 18 19.5 bottom	13.0 13.0 13.0	100 100.2 10	ሊ ት	
Aug. 27, 1980	0060	06	1 5 10 16.8 bottom	19.0 19.0 19.0	0000	93	
		195	1 5 10 15 20 27.2 bottom	19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0	000000	63	7.9
		295	1 5 10 15 19.8 bottom	19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0	00000	63	•

Table 10.--Vertical-profile data from cross sections--Continued

		Time	Cross section, distance from left bank	Depth	Water temperature	Dissolved oxygen	Specific conductance (µmho/cm	Hd
Date		(24-hour)	(ft)	(ft)	(o <sub>e</sub> )	(mg/L)	at 25°C)	(units)
			12418025 Spokane	River below B	Spokane River below Black Bay Continued	nued		•
Nov. 6, 1980	1980	1000		1	10.0	10.2		· «
•			100	ς.	10.0	10.2		
				10	10.0	10.2		
		•		15.1 bottom	10.0	10.0		
				-	10.0	10.2		
				ഹ	10.0	10.2		
			200	10	10.0	10.2	67	8.1
				15	10.0	10.2		
				20	10.0	10.1		
				24.9 bottom	10.0	10.0		
				1	10.0	10.0		
				Ŋ	10.0	10.0		
			300	10	10.0	10.0		
				15	10.0	10.0		
				17.3 bottom	10.0	6.6		

Table 10. -- Vertical-profile data from cross sections -- Continued

pH (units)			7.7			8.1	-
Specific conductance (µmho/cm at 25°C)		5.4	53	<b>8</b> 0	63	63	63
Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)		0.00	9 \( \tau \tau \tau \tau \tau \tau \tau \tau	0.6.0000000000000000000000000000000000	8 8 8 6 6 6 7 6 7	~~~~~~ ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
Water temperature (°C)	d Rock	14.0 14.0 	144.0 144.0 144.0 14.0	11111111111111111111111111111111111111	19.0 19.0 19.0	199.0 199.0 199.0 199.0	19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0
Depth (ft)	ane River at Ford	1 5 7 8.4 bottom	1 5 10 15 20 25 27.1 bottom	1 5 10 15 20 25 30 36 38.0 bottom	1 5 8.6 bottom	1 5 10 15 20 25 27.3 bottom	1 5 10 15 20 25 30 37.5 bottom
Cross section, distance from left bank (ft)	12418200 Spokane	95	205	325	80	200	320
Time (24-hour)		1500	•		1130		
Date		June 11, 1980			Aug. 27, 1980		

Table 10. --Vertical-profile data from cross sections -- Continued

Date	Time (24-hour)	Cross section, distance from left bank (ft)	Depth (ft)	Water temperature (°C)	Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)	Specific conductance (umho/cm at 25°C)	pH (units)
		12418200 Spokane Ri	River at Ford RockContinued	kContinued			
Nov. 6, 1980	1300	100	1 5 8.6 bottom	10.5 10.5 10.5	10.0 10.0 9.8		
	٠	200	1 5 10 15 20 25.6 bottom	10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 8.8	. 63	8.1
		300	1 5 10 15 20 25 30 35.1 bottom	10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5	0.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0		

Table 10. -- Vertical-profile data from cross sections -- Continued

pH (units)		•	• •		7.7			7.9	
Specific conductance (µmho/cm at 25°C)		53			54	54		62	
Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)		10.0 9.5 9.4	9.4	10.0 9.8 7.7		0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	8 8 8 8 6 6 6 7	∞ ∞ ∞ ∞ ∞ ∞ ∞ ~	ထထထထထထ က်က်က်က်က်
Water temperature (°C)	at Post Falls	14.0		14.0 14.0	14.0	44444 44444 6	19.0 19.0 19.0	19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0	19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0
Depth (ft)	River at bridge	1 2	12 13.2 bottom	1 5 10	15 20 25 25.9 bottom	1 5 10 15 20 20 bottom	1 5 10 12 bottom	1 5 10 15 20 25 28 bottom	1 5 10 15 20 25 bottom
Cross section, distance from left bank (ft)	12418300 Spokane R	150		•	380	740	140	380	580
Time (24-hour)		0910					0945		
Date		June 12, 1980					Aug. 28, 1980		

Table 10. --Vertical-profile data from cross sections -- Continued

pH (units)	• e			8.5	
Specific conductance (umho/cm at 25°C)				99	
Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)	ontinued	10.0	10.0	100.00	თ თ თ თ თ თ თ
Water temperature (°C)	River at bridge at Post FallsContinued	10.0	10.0 10.0 10.0	0.00.001	10.0
Depth (ft)	ver at bridge a	10	15 20 25 29 bottom	1 5 10 15 20 24 bottom	1 5 10 11.3 bottom
Cross section, distance from left bank (ft)	12418300 Spokane Ri	•	250	450	650
Time (24-hour)		0915			
Date		Nov. 7, 1980			